Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) Office of Environmental Services

STATEMENT OF BASIS

Compressor Station 40/500C1
Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company
Natchitoches, Natchitoches Parish, Louisiana
Agency Interest Number 3144
Activity Number PER20080001
Draft Permit 1980-00011-V4

I APPLICANT

Company

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company 569 Brookwood Village Birmingham, Alabama 35209

Facility

Compressor Station 40/500C1
195 Highway 504, Natchitoches, Natchitoches Parish, Louisiana
Approximate UTM coordinates are 486 346 kilometers East and 3515 538 kilometers
North, Zone 15

II FACILITY AND CURRENT PERMIT STATUS

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company Compressor Station No 40/500C1, is an existing natural gas compression facility Compressor Station No 40/500C1 previously operated under Permit No 1980-00011-V2, issued January 18, 2006 Currently the facility operates under Permit No 1980-00011-V3 dated March 21, 2006

This permit serves as a renewal/modification for the Compressor Station 40/500C1

III PROPOSED PERMIT / PROJECT INFORMATION

Proposed Permit

A permit application was submitted by Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company on July 18, 2008, requesting a Part 70 operating permit renewal/modification

A notice requesting public comment on the permit was published in *The Advocate*, Baton Rouge an in *The Natchitoches Times* A copy of the notice was mailed to concerned

citizens listed in the Office of Environmental Services Public Notice Mailing List. The application and proposed permit were submitted to the East Baton Rouge Parish Library and the Natchitoches Parish Library. The proposed permit was also submitted to US EPA Region 6. All comments will be considered prior to the final permit decision.

Project description

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company transports natural gas from production fields located in Texas and Louisiana to markets in the New England states. At Compressor Station 40/500C1, natural gas is routed to compressors driven by a turbine and engines, then reintroduced into the pipeline. The station is 40 miles east of the Texas-Louisiana state border.

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company requests to revise the emission rates as a result of emission factor, heat input, and liquid throughput reconciliations. There has been no physical change or change in operations at the facility. The facility has an overall NO_x cap of 2943 23 tpy to maintain compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards

Before

After

Change

Permitted Air Emissions

Pollutant

Estimated emissions from the facility in tons per year are as follows

1 011 0000000			
PM ₁₀	33 68	38 75	+5 07
SO_2	0 77	0 84	+0 07
NO_x	2943 23	2943 23*	_
CO	569 81	569 81	_
VOC†	141 31	164 54	+23 23
*Site wide NO _x emissions limit			
†VOC LAC 33 III Chapter 51	Toxic Air Pollu	itants (TAPs)	
Benzene	0 27	0 27	_
Formaldehyde	88 29	88 27	-0 02
n-Hexane	0 19	0 19	
Toluene	0 28	0 28	_
Ethylbenzene	0 04	0 04	_
Ethylene Glycol	0 49	0 49	_
Xylene (mixed isomers)	0 16	0 16	_
Total	89 72	89 70	-0 02
Other VOC (TPY)		74 84	

Prevention of Significant Deterioration Applicability

This renewal/modification permit does not propose any physical or operation modifications to the existing operations. Rather, any changes in the emission rates are a result of updated factors, revised calculation methodology, or correction to reflect more accurate data. As such, PSD analysis is not required

Non-Attainment New Source Review (NNSR)

Compressor Station 40/500C1 is located in an attainment area for all criteria pollutants. As such, NNSR analysis is not required

MACT requirements

These regulations define maximum achievable control technology (MACT) standards for stationary source categories of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). These HAPs are listed in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

Engines A1A, A2A, A3A, and C1A are less than 500 horsepower Other engines are existing lean burn engines. Therefore this subpart does not apply

Air Modeling Analysis

Emissions associated with the proposed renewal/modification were reviewed by the Air Quality Assessment Division to ensure compliance with the NAAQS and AAS LDEQ did not require the applicant to model emissions

General Condition XVII Activities

The facility will comply with the applicable General Condition XVII Activities emissions as required by the operating permit rule However, General Condition XVII Activities are not subject to testing, monitoring, reporting or recordkeeping requirements. For a list of approved General Condition XVII Activities, refer to Section VIII of the draft Part 70 permit

Insignificant Activities

All Insignificant Activities are authorized under LAC 33 III 501 B 5 For a list of approved Insignificant Activities, refer to Section IX of the draft Part 70 permit

IV Regulatory Analysis

The applicability of the appropriate regulations is straightforward and provided in the Facility Specific Requirements Section of the draft permit Similarly, the Monitoring, Reporting and Recordkeeping necessary to demonstrate compliance with the applicable

terms conditions and standards are provided in the Facility Specific Requirements Section of the draft permit

Prevention of Significant Deterioration Applicability

The proposed projects will result in no physical changes in the Compressor Station 40/500C1 Permit Therefore, PSD permitting requirements are not triggered

Non-Attainment New Source Review (NNSR) Part 52

This project includes no physical modifications in Compressor Station 40/500C1 Therefore, NNSR analysis is not triggered

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) – Part 60

NSPS Subpart IIII - Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

NSPS Subpart IIII does not apply to natural gas-fired engines

NSPS Subpart JJJJ – Standards of Performance for Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

Engines A1A, A2A, A3A and C1A have not been constructed reconstructed or modified after June 12, 2006 Therefore, these engines are exempt from the requirements of this subpart

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Source Categories – Part 63

Subpart ZZZZ Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE) NESHAP
Engines A1A, A2A, A3A, and C1A are less than 500 horsepower Other engines are existing lean burn engines. Therefore, NESHAP Subpart ZZZZ does not apply

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) - Part 64

Emission units at the Compressor Station 40/500C1 are not equipped with an add-on control device to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard. As such, a CAM Plan is not required for the Compressor Station 40/500C1

40 CFR 68 - Chemical Accident Prevention

The Compressor Station 40/500C1 site complies with the requirements in 40 CFR 68 As required, risk management plans for the site were originally submitted

State Operating Permit Program (Title V) - Part 70

This permit is a renewal/modification permit and the application, submitted under the Louisiana Title V permitting program, contains all the elements as required under the Louisiana Title V regulations

State Regulations

Comprehensive Toxic Air Pollutant Emission Control Program - Chapter 51

Formaldehyde emissions are from natural gas fires engines. Therefore, these emissions are exempt from the Louisiana Air Toxic Regulations. The facility is classified as a minor source of toxic air pollutants (TAPs) pursuant to LAC 33 III Chapter 51

V Permit Shields

A permit shield was not requested

VI Periodic Monitoring

No periodic monitoring is required

VII Applicability and Exemptions of Selected Subject Items

See Permit

VIII Streamlined Requirements

None

IX Glossary

Best Available Control Technologies (BACT) - An emissions limitation (including a visible emission standard) based on the maximum degree of reduction for each pollutant subject to regulation under this part which would be emitted from any proposed major stationary source or major modification which the administrative authority, on a case-by-case basis, taking into account energy, environmental, and economic impacts and other costs, determines is achievable for such source or modification through application of production processes or available methods, systems, and techniques, including fuel cleaning or treatment or innovative fuel combustion techniques for control of such pollutant

Carbon Monoxide (CO) – A colorless, odorless gas which is an oxide of carbon

Grandfathered Status- Those facilities that were under actual construction or operation as of June 19, 1969, the signature date of the original Clean Air Act. These facilities are not required to obtain a permit. Facilities that are subject to Part 70 (Title V) requirements lose grandfathered status and must apply for a permit.

Hydrogen Disulfide (H_2S) - A colorless inflammable gas having the characteristic odor of rotten eggs, and found in many mineral springs. It is produced by the action of acids on metallic sulfides, and is an important chemical reagent

Maximum Achievable Control Technology (MACT) - The maximum degree of reduction in emissions of each air pollutant subject to LAC 33 III Chapter 51 (including a prohibition on such emissions, where achievable) that the administrative authority, upon review of submitted MACT compliance plans and other relevant information and taking into consideration the cost of achieving such emission reduction, as well as any non-airquality health and environmental impacts and energy requirements, determines is achievable through application of measures, processes, methods, systems, or techniques

New Source Review (NSR) - A preconstruction review and permitting program applicable to new or modified major stationary sources of air pollutants regulated under the Clean Air Act (CAA) NSR is required by Parts C ("Prevention of Significant Deterioration of Air Quality") and D ("Nonattainment New Source Review")

Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) - Compounds whose molecules consists of nitrogen and oxygen

Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR) A New Source Review permitting program for major sources in geographic areas that do not meet the National Ambient Air

Quality Standards (NAAQS) at 40 CFR Part 50 Nonattainment NSR is designed to ensure that emissions associated with new or modified sources will be regulated with the goal of improving ambient air quality

Organic Compound - Any compound of carbon and another element Examples Methane (CH_4) , Ethane (C_2H_6) , Carbon Disulfide (CS_2)

Part 70 Operating Permit- Also referred to as a Title V permit, required for major sources as defined in 40 CFR 70 and LAC 33 III 507 Major sources include, but are not limited to, sources which have the potential to emit ≥ 10 tons per year of any toxic air pollutant, ≥ 25 tons of total toxic air pollutants, and ≥ 100 tons per year of regulated pollutants (unless regulated solely under 112(r) of the Clean Air Act) (25 tons per year for sources in non-attainment parishes)

PM₁₀- Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers as measured by the method in Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix J

Potential to Emit (PTE) - The maximum capacity of a stationary source to emit any air pollutant under its physical and operational design

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) – A New Source Review permitting program for major sources in geographic areas that meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) at 40 CFR Part 50 PSD requirements are designed to ensure that the air quality in attainment areas will not degrade

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) - An oxide of sulfur

Title V permit – See Part 70 Operating Permit

Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Any organic compound which participates in atmospheric photochemical reactions, that is, any organic compound other than those which the administrator of the US Environmental Protection Agency designates as having negligible photochemical reactivity